## Georgia Department of Education

| GSE Second Grade Curriculum Map |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit 1 | Unit 2 | Unit 3 | Unit 4 | Unit 5 | Unit 6 | Unit 7 |
| Extending Base Ten Understanding | Becoming Fluent with Addition and Subtraction | Understanding <br> Measurement, Length, and Time | Applying Base Ten Understanding | Understanding Plane and Solid Figures | Developing Multiplication | Show What We Know |
| MGES2.NBT. 1 <br> MGES2.NBT. 2 <br> MGES2.NBT. 3 <br> MGES2.NBT. 4 <br> MGES2.MD. 10 | MGES2.0A. 1 <br> MGES2.OA. 2 <br> MGES2.NBT. 5 <br> MGES2.MD. 8 <br> MGES2.MD. 10 | MGES2.MD. 1 MGES2.MD. 2 MGES2.MD. 3 MGES2.MD. 4 MGES2.MD. 5 MGES2.MD. 6 MGES2.MD. 7 MGES2.MD. 9 MGES2.MD. 10 | MGES2.NBT. 6 <br> MGES2.NBT. 7 <br> MGES2.NBT. 8 <br> MGES2.NBT. 9 <br> MGES2.MD. 8 <br> MGES2.MD. 10 | MGES2.G. 1 MGES2.G. 2 MGES2.G. 3 MGES2.MD. 10 | $\begin{gathered} \text { MGES2.OA. } 3 \\ \text { MGES2.OA. } 4 \\ \text { MGES2.MD. } 10 \end{gathered}$ | ALL |
| These units were written to build upon concepts from prior units, so later units contain tasks that depend upon the concepts addressed in earlier units. All units will include the Mathematical Practices and indicate skills to maintain. However, the progression of the units is at the discretion of districts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |


Grades K-2 Key: CC = Counting and Cardinality, G= Geometry, MD=Measurement and Data, NBT= Number and Operations in Base Ten, OA = Operations and Algebraic Thinking.

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## GSE Second Grade Expanded Curriculum Map

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| a data set with up to four categories. Solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems ${ }^{1}$ using information presented in a bar graph. | MGSE2.MD. 8 Solve word problems involving dollar bills, quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies, using $\$$ and $\$$ symbols appropriately. Example: If you have 2 dimes and 3 pennies, how many cents do you have? Represent and interpret data. MGSE2.MD. 10 Draw a picture graph and a bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent a data set with up to four categories. Solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems ${ }^{4}$ using information presented in a bar graph. | by using drawings (such as drawings of rulers) and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem. <br> MGSE2.MD. 6 Represent whole numbers as lengths from 0 on a number line diagram with equally spaced points corresponding to the numbers $0,1,2$, and represent whole-number sums and differences within 100 on a number line diagram. <br> MGSE2.MD. 7 Tell and write time from analog and digital clocks to the nearest five minutes, using a.m. and p.m. <br> Represent and interpret data. <br> MGSE2.MD. 9 Generate measurement data by measuring lengths of several objects to the nearest whole unit, or by making repeated measurements of the same object. Show the measurements by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in wholenumber units. <br> MGSE2.MD. 10 Draw a picture graph and a bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent a data set with up to four categories. Solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems ${ }^{5}$ using information presented in a bar graph. | bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent a data set with up to four categories. Solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems ${ }^{7}$ using information presented in a bar graph. |
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| GSE Second Grade Expanded Curriculum Map |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standards for Mathematical Practice |  |  |
| 1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. <br> 2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively. <br> 3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of othe <br> 4 Model with mathematics. | 5 Use appropriate tools strategi 6 Attend to precision. <br> 7 Look for and make use of stru <br> 8 Look for and express regulari | ically. <br> ucture. <br> ity in repeated reasoning. |
|  |  |  |
| Unit 5 | Unit 6 | Unit 7 |
| Understanding Plane and Solid Figures | Developing Multiplication | Show What We Know |
| Reason with shapes and their attributes. <br> MGSE2.G. 1 Recognize and draw shapes having specified attributes, such as a given number of angles or a given number of equal faces. ${ }^{8}$ Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes. <br> MGSE2.G. 2 Partition a rectangle into rows and columns of same-size squares and count to find the total number of them. MGSE2.G. 3 Partition circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal shares, describe the shares using the words halves, thirds, half of, a third of, etc., and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds, four fourths. Recognize that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape. <br> Represent and interpret data. <br> MGSE2.MD. 10 Draw a picture graph and a bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent a data set with up to four categories. Solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems ${ }^{9}$ using information presented in a bar graph. | Work with equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication. <br> MGSE2.OA. 3 Determine whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of members, e.g., by pairing objects or counting them by 2 s ; write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends. <br> MGSE2.OA. 4 Use addition to find the total number of objects arranged in rectangular arrays with up to 5 rows and up to 5 columns; write an equation to express the total as a sum of equal addends. <br> Represent and interpret data. <br> MGSE2.MD.10. Draw a picture graph and a bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent a data set with up to four categories. Solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems ${ }^{10}$ using information presented in a bar graph. | ALL |

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[^0]:    ${ }^{2}$ See Glossary, Table 1.
    ${ }^{3}$ See standard 1.OA. 6 for a list of mental strategies.
    ${ }^{6}$ Explanations may be supported by drawings or objects.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ See Glossary, Table 1
    ${ }^{4}$ See Glossary, Table 1.
    ${ }^{5}$ See Glossary, Table 1.
    ${ }^{7}$ See Glossary, Table 1.

[^2]:    ${ }^{8}$ Sizes are compared directly or visually, not compared with measuring.
    ${ }^{9}$ See Glossary, Table 1.
    ${ }^{10}$ See Glossary, Table 1.

